



# VARIETY METHODS AND VARIETY THEORY: AN INNOVATION FRAMEWORK FOR CYBER-SECURITY

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DESIGN OUT CRIME AND CPTED CENTRE

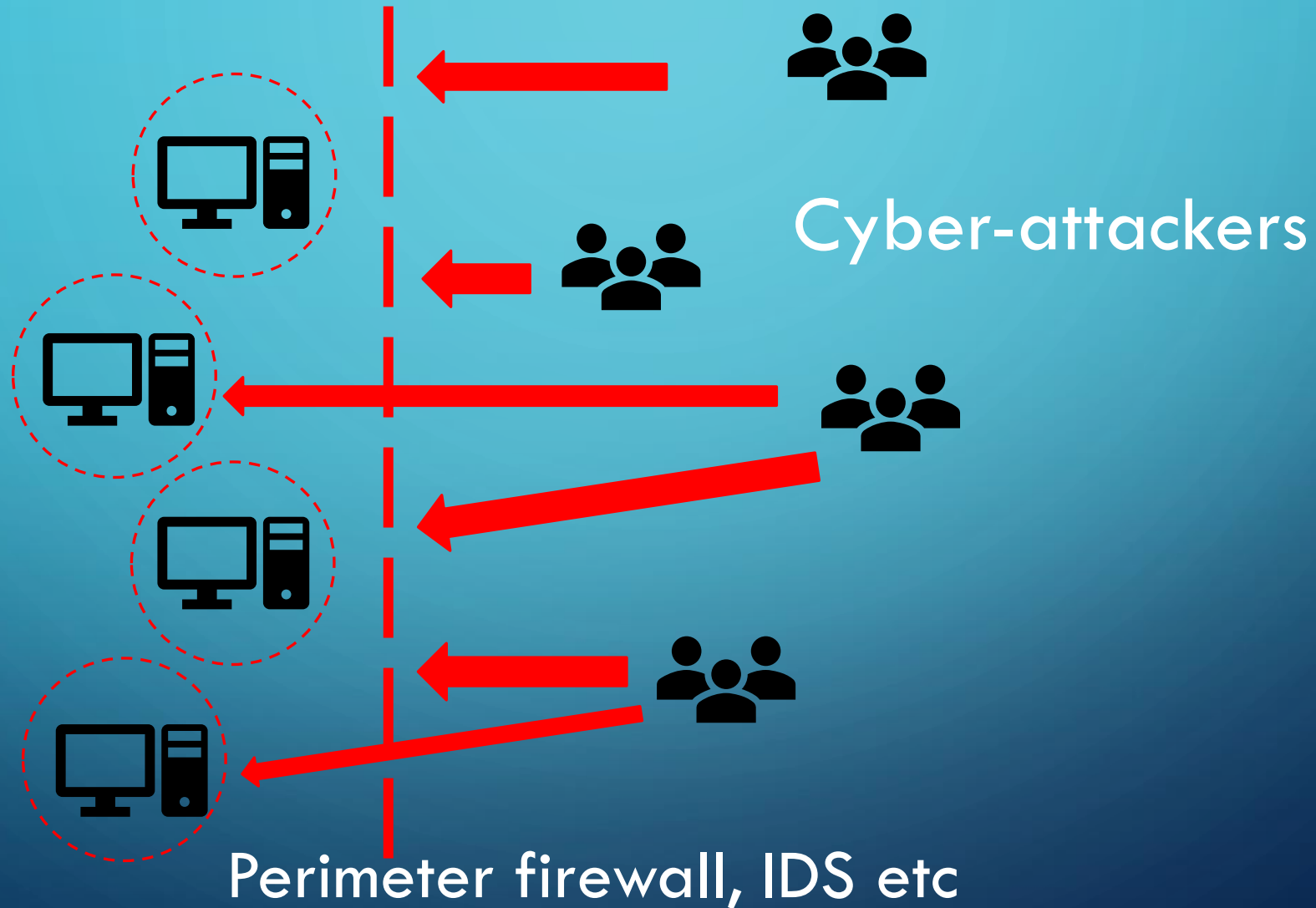
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# BACKGROUND

- Variety is a mathematical concept
- The Law of Requisite Variety is one of the few 'laws' that applies across all fields.
- Variety is the foundational concept for almost all other theories
- We have developed extensions to the Law of Variety for use in security and redirection of power in complex situations such as cyber-security.

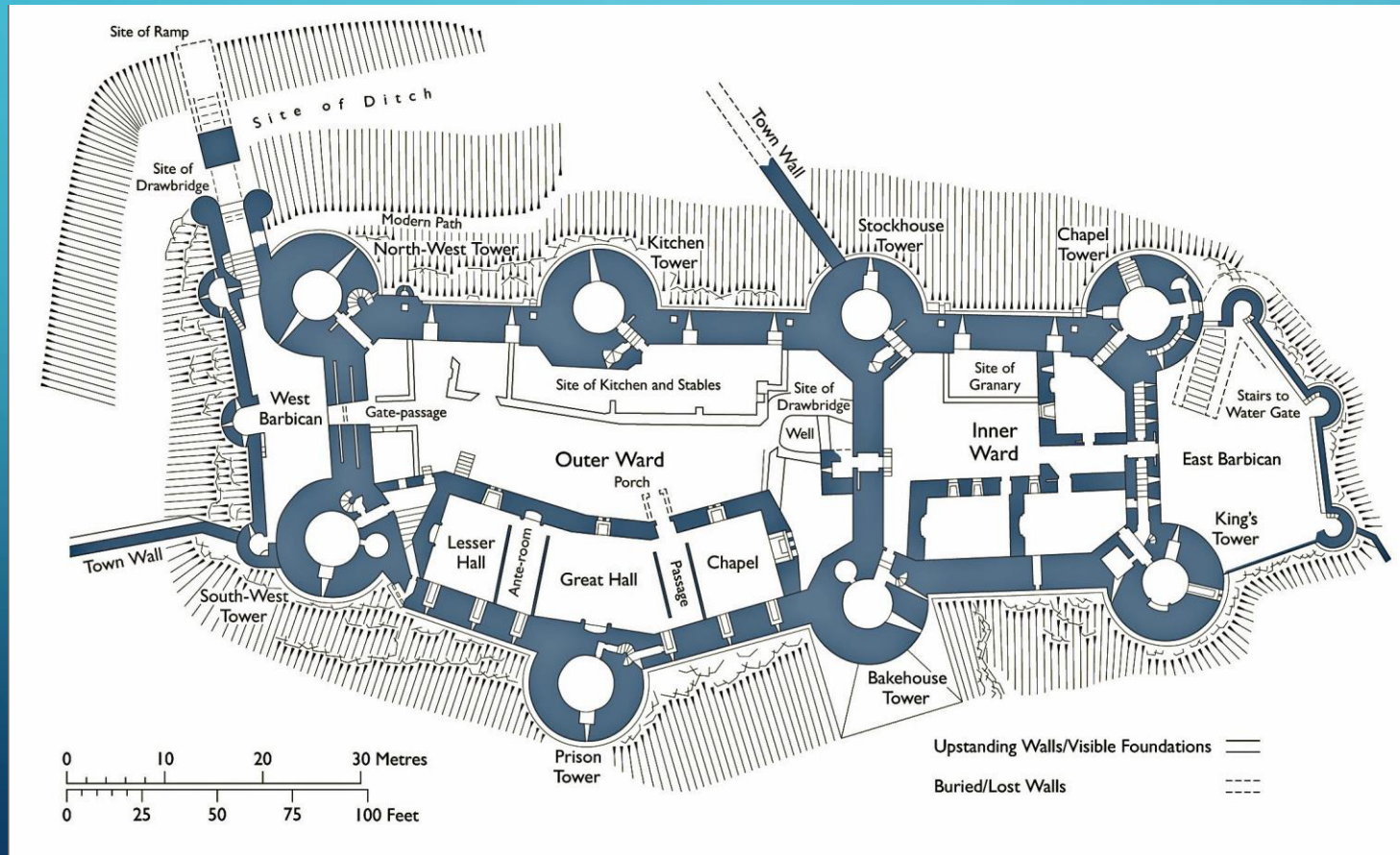
# CYBER-ATTACKS AND DEFENSE IN DEPTH

Local  
machine  
protection



# DEFENSE IN DEPTH

Defense in Depth is based on an idea of castle design



# BOUNDARY SECURITY: ACCESS CONTROL

Classic design tradition of cyber-security is the combination of:

- Boundary-based security
- Access control
- Identification
- Authentication
- Defense in depth

# CYBER-SECURITY - SURVEILLANCE

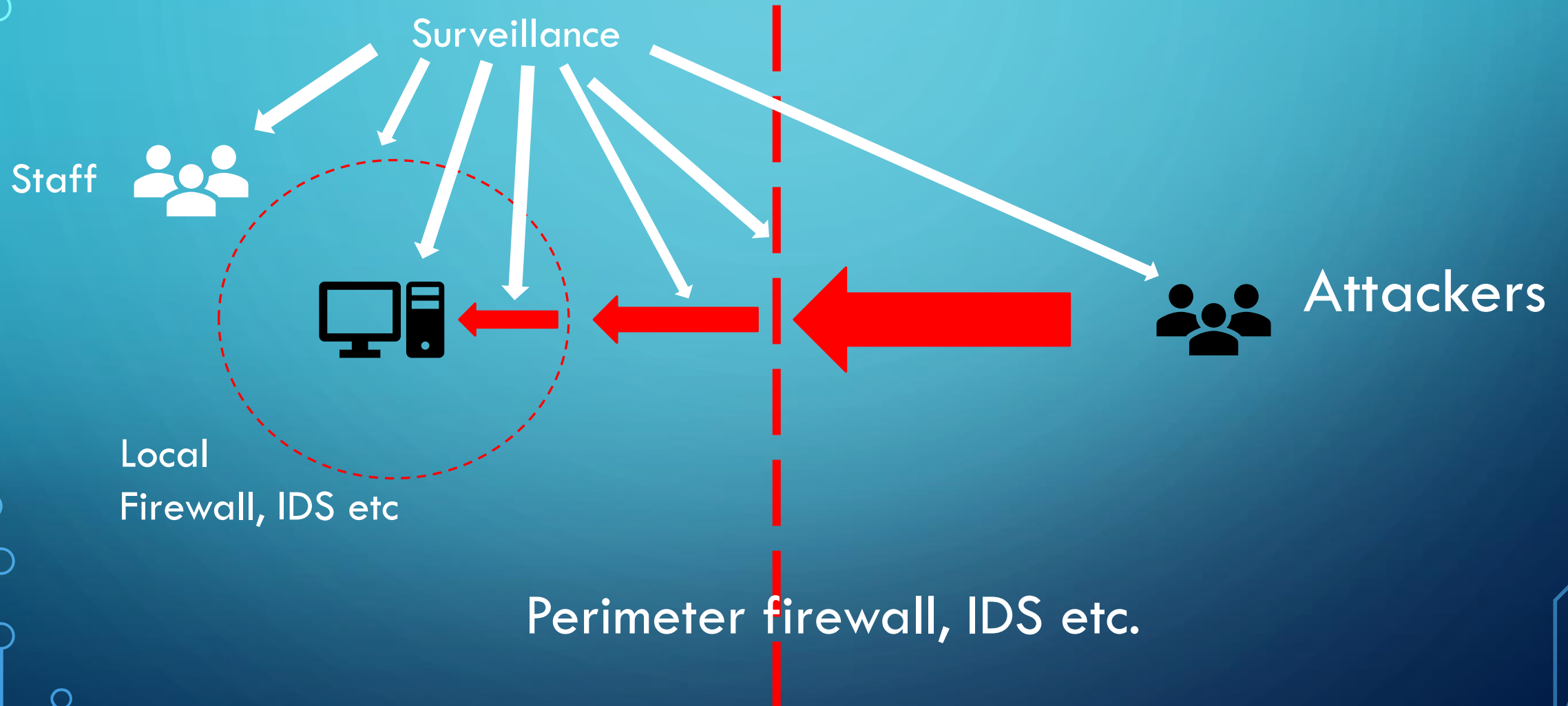
Another tradition of cyber-security is the use of surveillance:

- Surveillance of network boundaries and traffic
- Surveillance of file and folder characteristics (checksums etc)
- Surveillance of unexpected behaviours (e.g. AI/ML detection)
- Surveillance by search for signatures of malware
- Surveillance of user access behaviours
- Surveillance of staff behaviours in and outside work

These all apply to both cyber-attacks and to system failures.



# TRADITIONAL CYBER-SECURITY HAS A LINEAR ASPECT



# VARIETY – A CHANGE IN WAY OF CYBER-THINKING

- Traditional cyber-security thinking is based on:
  - Castle-like fortified hardware and software barriers
  - Access control, authentication, resource allocation...
  - Protecting data, processes and systems (protecting the 'King')
- Variety-based cyber-thinking is based on:
  - Information about the size of variety of options that attackers can bring to bear
  - The size of the variety of options that can be used by defenders to control attackers
  - Manipulating the dynamic distribution and behaviour of the changes over time in both varieties of options



# VARIETY

Variety is the number of different states that are possible



# VARIETY IN CYBER-ATTACKING

Variety of cyber-attack paths

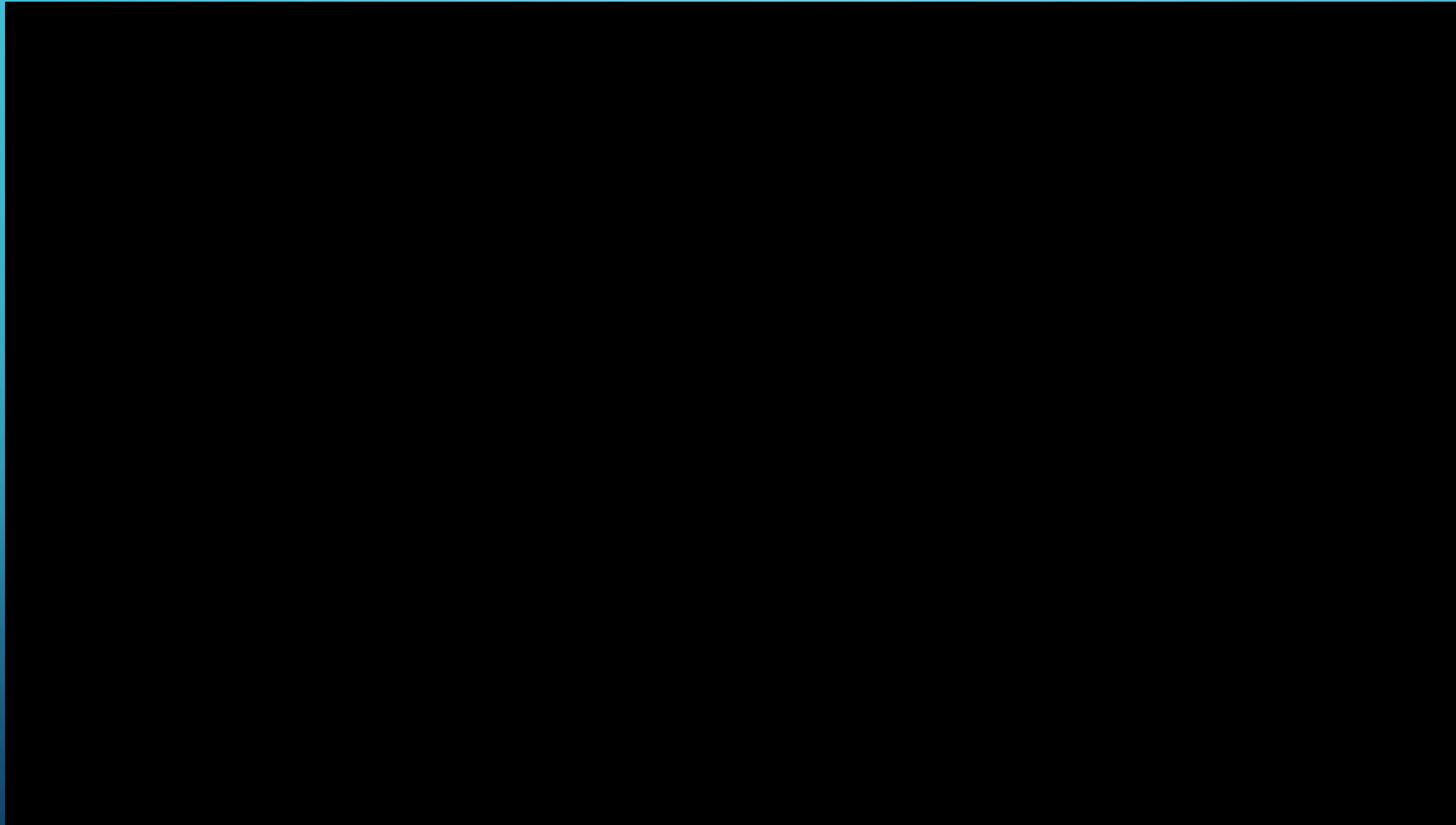
Data corruption  
Exploits  
Social engineering  
Hypervisor compromise  
DNS-based  
SQL insertions  
File-free attacks  
Viruses  
...

Variety of cyber-attackers



# VARIETY DISTRIBUTION DYNAMICS

Variety of multi-dimensional changes in variety over time in a system

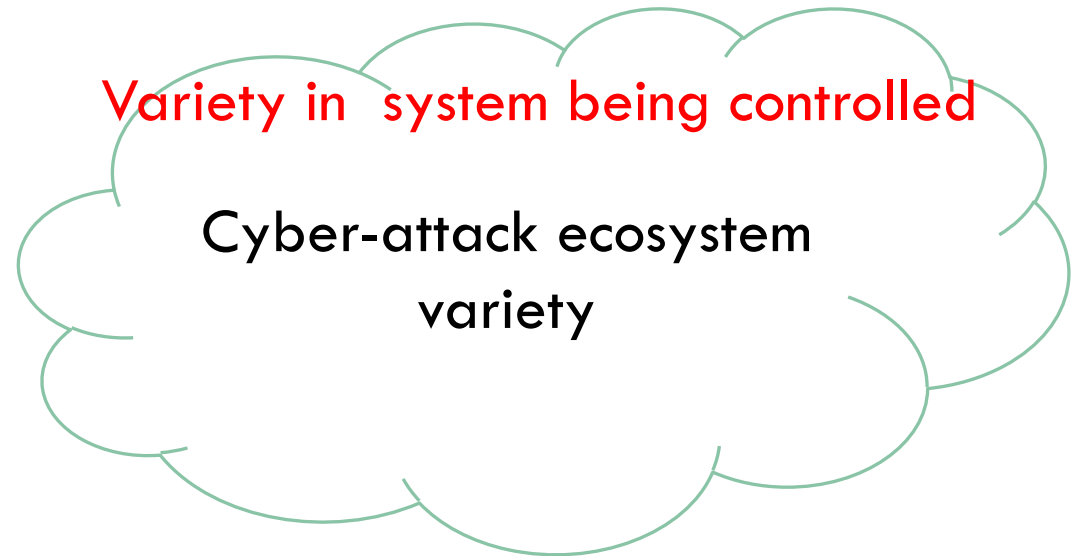


# LAW OF REQUISITE VARIETY

Variety in control system



Variety in system being controlled



Variety of the Control system must be bigger than Variety of what is being controlled

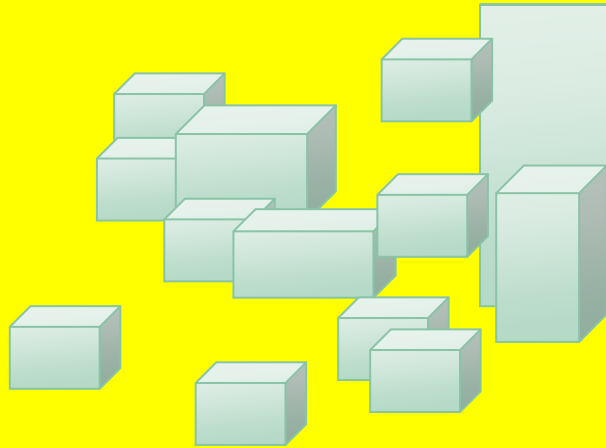


# SCHOOL TEACHER AND CHILDREN



# CYBER-SECURITY IS COMPLEX AND DYNAMIC

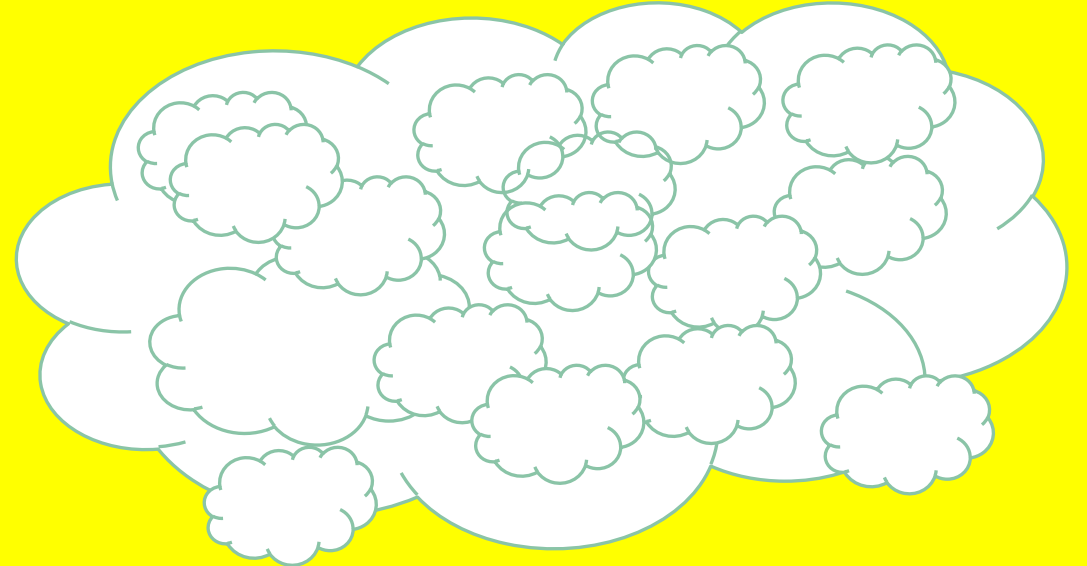
Dynamically changing control systems



Control



Dynamically changing systems and subsystems

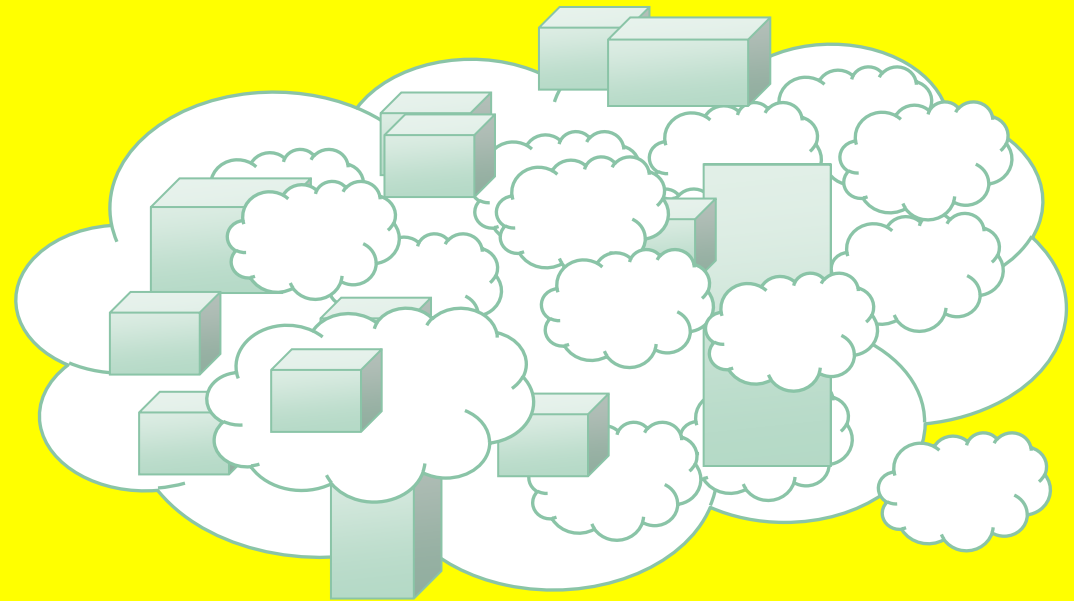


Variety of the Control system must be bigger than Variety of cyber-attacking system



# VARIETY IS DYNAMICALLY DISTRIBUTED

Variety is dynamically distributed through the control system and the system being controlled



Dynamically changing systems, control systems, subsystem ownerships and variety

# INFLUENCING VARIETY LEVELS AND LOCATION INFLUENCES THE CONTROL OF POWER

- It is possible for any actor in a system to change variety
- Balance of power at any point depends on the relative levels of variety of different actors
- Influencing the flows of variety = change to the distribution and ownership of variety
- Changes in the distribution and ownership of variety redirects the power and control at any and every point in the system

# UNION CONTROL OF MANAGEMENT



1. Increase variety caused by members
2. Offer to act between management and union membership
3. Result – transfer of management power to union and union membership

# VEHICLE EMISSION CONTROL



1. US Vehicle industry resisted emissions laws
2. Environmental groups pressured different states to have different emissions laws (increase variety)
3. Vehicle industry needed reduced variety to keep control of car production
4. Vehicle industry agreed on US-wide emissions law

# CYBER-SECURITY: VARIETY AND TIME-BASED CONTROL

- We have developed 14 variety axioms to guide the use of variety to manipulate power and control in cyber-security and information security.
- Recently, we have identified a Law of Requisite Time and an associated set of 14 time axioms for the same purpose.



# PRACTICAL USES OF VARIETY METHODOLOGY IN CYBER-SECURITY STRATEGIES

- Four paths to using variety as a basis for cyber-security strategies:
  - Use our variety axioms to change power flows
  - Identify key variety limitations on the opponent's side and increase variety on your side in ways that ensure requisite variety is fulfilled on all system dimensions.
  - Identify key variety limitations on the opponent's side and increase variety on your side to cause them overload and organizational disfunction.
  - Identify the core power pathway and increase effective variety at more than 2 Feedback loops away in ways that achieve power transfer (2 Feedback Loop Law is described elsewhere)



# QUESTIONS?

If you would like to know more, please contact:

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